

SELECTION QUICK OVERVIEW



Components	Criteria
Isowean Selection	<p style="text-align: center;">Confirm Animal is a gilt, no less than 16 days of age, and no less than 10 lb Evaluate Naval, Tail, Legs, Feet and Underline</p>
Breeder Weaner Light Selection	<p style="text-align: center;">Confirm Animal is a gilt, 28-90 days of age, and 20-104 lb Evaluate Tail, Anus, Naval, Structure, Abscesses, Underline, and Ears</p>
Breeder Weaner Heavy Selection	<p style="text-align: center;">Confirm Animal is a gilt, 90-153 days of age, and 105-229 lb Evaluate Vulva, Teats, Legs, Hooves and Movement</p>
Gilt Performance	Gilts should achieve a lifetime average daily gain (ADG) of 1.2 lb/day
Underline Selection	Avoid selecting gilts with washer, blind, inverted and infantile teats
Avoid Selection of Animals with	Belly ruptures, blind anus, open wounds, dip or humpback, hematomas, abscesses, joint swelling, hoof pad damage
Leg Scoring	<p style="text-align: center;">Front Leg Scores Accepted: 5,6,7,8,9 Back Legs Scores Accepted: 5 & 6</p>
Environmental & Management Considerations	Watch for the condition of concrete and understand proper mister use
Outcomes of Poor Environment & Management	Lower selection rates, decreased availability, increased mortality, welfare concerns, lose genetic potential, increased abnormalities/vices, and sows' longevity in the herd
Stocking Densities	<p style="text-align: center;">Wean-60 lb = 2.80 sq/ft/pig 60-75 lb = 3.65 sq/ft/pig 75-265 = 7.30 sq/ft/pig >265 lb 8.10 sq/ft/pigs</p>
Effects of Overstocking	Water & feed availability, gilt size variation, structural issues, and vices
Avoid Selection of Animals with Open Sores from these Vices	Ear biting/necrosis, tail, flank and vulva biting